L16 ANSWER 6 OF 11 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1996:534956 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 125:158616

TITLE: Treating disorders characterized by excessive cell

proliferation with sclareolide

INVENTOR(S): Braquet, Pierre; Bigg, Denis

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Societe De Conseils De Recherches Et D'application,

Fr.

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 9 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

LANGUAGE:

Patent French

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

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                                      APPLICATION NO. DATE
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    WO 9620704
                    A1 19960711
                                      WO 1996-FR15
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        W: AM, AT, AU, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI,
           GB, GE, HU, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LR, LT, LU, LV, MD,
           MG, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, TJ,
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        RW: KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE,
            IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR,
           NE, SN, TD, TG
    CA 2209276
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                                       CA 1996-2209276 19960104
                    AA
    AU 9645307
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                                       AU 1996-45307
                                                       19960104
                     A1
    EP 793492
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                         19970910
                                       EP 1996-901018
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                    В1
                         20030409
        R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LI, LU, NL, PT, SE
                   Т2
                                       JP 1996-520787 19960104
    JP 10511673
                         19981110
    AT 236630
                                       AT 1996-901018
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                         20030415
    US 5906993
                                       US 1997-875476
                                                      19970919
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                         19990525
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                                  A 19950104
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AB Disorders characterized by excessive cell proliferation are treated in patients by administering a therapeutically effective amt. of (+)-sclareolide. This treatment is effective against both benign hyperproliferation (e.g. fibrosis, prostatic hyperplasia, atherosclerosis,

restenosis, glomerulosclerosis, keloids, psoriasis) and cancer.

IT Brain, neoplasm

Cell proliferation

Fibrosis

Keloid

Liver, neoplasm

Lung, neoplasm

Neoplasm inhibitors

Pancreas, neoplasm

Psoriasis

Skin, neoplasm

(treating disorders characterized by excessive cell proliferation with sclareolide)

L16 ANSWER 10 OF 11 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2000:157430 USPATFULL

TITLE:

Methods of treating microbial infection and

therapeutic

formulations therefor
INVENTOR(S): Subbiah, Ven, Edenton, NC, United States
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): R.J. Reynolds Tobacco Company, Winston-Salem, NC,

United States (U.S. corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE

PATENT INFORMATION: US 6150381 20001121 APPLICATION INFO.: US 1998-94058 19980609 (9)

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility FILE SEGMENT: Granted

PRIMARY EXAMINER: Davenport, Avis M.

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Meyers Bigel Sibley & Sajovec

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 7
EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1
LINE COUNT: 613

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Active compounds including sclareol-like and sclareolide-like compounds are useful in methods of treating a wide variety of conditions and disorders, including those disorders caused by microbial (e.g., fungal and bacterial) infections, as well as those conditions and disorders caused by other mechanisms (e.g., activation of the adenylyl cyclase system). Pharmaceutical and cosmetic formulations comprising these active compounds are also useful in treating these disorders. One disorder that may be treated by the methods and formulations of the present invention is acne.

 ${\tt SUMM}$. . treatment. The method comprises administering to the subject an

active compound of the present invention (i.e., a sclareol-like or a sclareolide-like compound), in an amount effective to treat the disorder. One embodiment of the present invention is a method of treating a skin condition caused by a bacterial or fungal infection in a subject in need of such treatment, comprising contacting the skin of the subject with an effective amount of an active compound of the present invention, including sclareolide, sclareol, and the cosmetically acceptable analogs and salts thereof.

The

compound may be provided to the subject in a cosmetic. . . are also described herein as embodiments of the invention. Another embodiment of the invention involves a method of using a **sclareolide**-like compound to selectively activate second- messenger pathways that are involved in causing certain conditions and disorders, particularly

those

disorders and. . .

SUMM . . . acne excorie, gram negative acne, steroid acne, acne conglobata, or nodulocystic acne. The present invention can also be used

for topically treating certain types of dermatitis, e. g. perioral dermatitis, seborrheic dermatitis, gram negative folliculitis, sebaceous gland dysfunction, hidradenitis suppurativa, pseudofolliculitis. . . ringworm, athletes foot, and jock itch). The compounds are also useful in methods of preventing or ameliorating undesirable body odor. Sclareolide-like compounds (in particular, sclareolide) evaluated using the techniques described in Bencherif et al., JPET 279, 1413-1421 (1996) are

determined

to exhibit a profile for. .

CLM What is claimed is:

1. A method of treating a **skin** disorder caused by a microbial infection in a subject in need of such treatment, comprising administering a compound selected from the group consisting of sclareol and **sclareolide** to said subject in an amount effective to treat the disorder, wherein the microbe causing the microbial infection is a. . .